

desire of the natives for a new order of things which would encourage the development of national industries—everything, yes, absolutely everything combines to make Cyprus a most interesting country.

As to its topography—one may picture the island as the segment of a circle of which the chord or length is sixty leagues, and the breadth eighteen and a half. The surface is divided into three great parts: first, the mountain-chain of Paphos or Olympus, of which the highest points are always covered with snow; this chain of primary formation composes the southern section of the island, from the neighbourhood of Paphos, where are the highest peaks, almost to Larnaca. Secondly, the great plain of Nicosia, which stretches right across the middle of the island from east to west. Thirdly, the chain of volcanic mountains on the north, which extend from *Chirigna* to Cape Saint-André.

My observations, made with success at different times at Limassol, gave the latitude of that town $34^{\circ} 42' 14''$ N.: and longitude $30^{\circ} 36' 30''$ E. of Paris. Magnetic declination $11^{\circ} 26' 14''$ W.

I wished to continue my pilgrimage to Mecca, and availed myself of the first opportunity to cross to Alexandria. I found a small Greek brigantine, and hired the cabin for myself and places for my servants. The remembrance of the storms I had already experienced was ever present with me, and I was not particularly pleased to cross to Egypt in so small a vessel, but I decided at last, and embarked on the evening of May 7. A strong gale from the west obliged me to land again the next morning, and I stayed another two days at Limassol. I re-embarked in the night of May 9—10, and a few hours later we set sail with a favourable wind which lasted until the night of the 11th, when we had the wind ahead. It soon shifted, and we continued our course on the morning of May 12, 1806.

To Ali Bey—most wise and illustrious Sir,

We received with great joy your illustrious letter, written from Limassol. We rejoice to hear that your health is such as we would desire: may God preserve it to you through a long life, confirm you in prosperity, and grant all your lawful desires.

We perused in its turn the memorandum you enclosed as to the way to destroy the locust, that destructive scourge of our island. We admired the wonderful elaboration of this, as we admire all you do, and the zeal too which you show in working for our unhappy country, though we have done nothing in return worthy of your admirable person, nor have even shown the devotion which was due to you. We felicitate indeed those who begot so wise a man, we deem them happy, and we congratulate those who will enjoy the company of a hero in all respects like our Greek forefathers. So much at present. May heaven grant you the years of Methusalah.

Leucosia, 1806, May 13,

of your illustrious person
the devoted friend

Chrysanthos (Archbishop) of Cyprus.

Σοφίζατε καὶ ἐκλαμπρότατε Κύριε Ἀλὶ Μπέ.

Ἐλάβομεν περιχαρῶς τὸ ἐκλαμπρον αὐτῆς γράμμα, γεγραμμένον ἀπὸ Λεμεσοῦ, ἐξ οὗ τὴν ἐφετὴν ἡμῶν ὑγιάν της ὑπερεχάρημεν, ἣν εἶθε τὸ θεῖον νὰ τῆς χαρίῃ μακρόβιον, μὲ ἀγαθὴν στερῶσιν, καὶ τῶν ὅσων ἐξίεται σωτηρίων καταβυμίον. Εἶδομεν ἐπομένως καὶ τὴν ἐμπνευσμένην καταγραφὴν περὶ τοῦ πῶς δεῖ